

Application No.	
	10202402555S

pplication filing	g date		(Earliest) Priority Date	
1/08/2024				
1. This firs	st Writte	en Opinion is issued under Section	29(5) of the <i>Patents Act</i> .	
2. This op	inion co	ntains indications relating to the fo	ollowing items:	
ı	\boxtimes	Basis of the opinion		
П		Priority		
111		Non-establishment of opinion applicability	with regard to novelty, inventive step and industrial	
IV	\boxtimes	Unity of invention		
V		Reasoned statement with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; citations and explanations supporting such statement		
VI		Clarity, Clear and Complete Dis	sclosure, and Support	
VII		Double patenting		
3. If no re	ply is file	ed, the Examination Report will be	established on the basis of this opinion.	

Intellectual Property Office of Singapore	Date of Written Opinion:
1 Paya Lebar Link #11-03	10/09/2024
PLQ 1, Paya Lebar Quarter	Authorized Officer
Singapore 408533	Sim Cheow Hin (Dr)
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Application No.

10202402555S

I.	Basis of the opinion	
1.	L. This opinion has been drawn on the basis of:	
	★ The application as originally filed.	
2.	☐ This opinion has been established based on the exclusion of additional matter beyond the earlier application, as indicated in the supplemental box.	
3.	This opinion has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the supplemental box.	
4.	Additional observations, if necessary:	



Application No.

10202402555\$

IV. Unity of invention	
1. There are multiple inventions in this application, as	follows:
capture an image of a battery to determine an ac	pparatus comprising an imaging device configured to tual orientation of the battery and a platform and a predetermined orientation of a measurement
	method comprising obtaining a discharging rate of the ased on the discharging rate.
potentially provide a contribution over the prior a measure an electrical characteristic of the battery common features are disclosed in D1 (para. [0067]-claims are not so linked as to form a single investigation.	rined in the above 2 groups of claims which could ret relate to a battery sorting apparatus configured to to determine a grade of the battery. However, the 0079]). Thus, the inventions defined in the 2 groups of ntive concept involving one or more of the same or there is a lack of unity <i>a posteriori</i> .
2. Consequently, this opinion has been established in	respect of the following parts of the application:
□ all parts	
★ ■ The parts relating to claim(s) no. 1-12	
1.	There are multiple inventions in this application, as a Group 1: Claims 1-12 relate to a battery sorting a capture an image of a battery to determine an act moveable relate to a base to align the battery alo device. Group 2: Claims 13-17 relate to a battery sorting battery and determining a grade of the battery battery and determining a grade of the battery battery and determining a contribution over the prior at measure an electrical characteristic of the battery common features are disclosed in D1 (para. [0067]-[claims are not so linked as to form a single invercorresponding special technical features. Therefore,



Application No.

10202402555S

V. Reasoned statement with regard to novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability; Citation and explanation supporting such statement

Statement with regard to no	ovelty, inve	ntive step or industrial applicability	
Novelty (N)	Claim(s)	1-12	YE
	Claim(s)	NONE	NC
Inventive Step (IS)	Claim(s)	7-8 AND 10-12	YE
	Claim(s)	1-6 AND 9	NC
Industrial applicability (IA)	Claim(s)	1-12	YE
	Claim(s)	NONE	NC

1. Citations

The following citations are referred to in this opinion. Full bibliographic details are provided in the Search Report:

D1 - US 2013/0317639 A1

D2 - CN 212808551 U

(machine translation was used for the purpose of establishing the opinion)

D3 - CN 220509099 U

(machine translation was used for the purpose of establishing the opinion)

D4 - CN 110539111 B

(machine translation was used for the purpose of establishing the opinion)

D5 - KR 10-2022-0133417 A

(machine translation was used for the purpose of establishing the opinion)

2. Novelty (Section 14 of the Patents Act)

The subject matter of claims 1-12 is novel since none of the cited prior art documents individually discloses all the features of said claims.

3. Inventive Step (Section 15 of the Patents Act)

D1 discloses the following features of claim 1 (strikethrough wordings refer to features which are not disclosed):

A battery sorting apparatus (fig. 1) comprising:

- a base (para. [0049], fig. 1: robot 10);
- an imaging device (para. [0052]: non-contact visual means using an imaging device) mounted to the base (para. [0077]: all N tools are assembled into a single tool permanently attached to the robot);
- a measurement device mounted to the base (para. [0049], fig. 1: end effector 11a or tool 12);
- a platform (para. [0051], fig. 1: feeding of battery objects 14 to the testing site, platform is implicit for carry the battery objects 14) movably coupled to the base, and
- a controller coupled to the imaging device, the measurement device and the platform (para. [0102], fig. 7: robot controller 104);

wherein

- the imaging device is configured to capture an image of a battery carried by the platform to determine an actual orientation of the battery (para. [0051]-[0052]: non-contact visual means using an imaging device, determine the position and orientation of the battery objects 14);



Application No.

10202402555S

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- the platform is moveable relative to the base to align the battery along a predetermined orientation of the measurement device and to position the battery under the measurement device;
- the measurement device is configured to measure electrical characteristics of the battery to determine a grade of the battery (para. [0076]-[0079]: grading and classification of the tested battery object 14), and
- the controller is configured to assign the grade to the battery (para. [0081]-[0087]).

D1 further discloses a robot configured for repositioning and reorientation of the object prior to its testing (para. [0051]). The difference between claim 1 and D1 thus lies in that the mechanism for aligning the battery along a predetermined orientation of the measurement device. D2 teaches a rotatable convey platform comprising a mounting plate coupled with a rotatable placement seat (para. [n0014], fig. 1: mounting plate 12, placement seat 13), the mounting plate is movable relative to a base (para. [n0014], fig. 1, 3: mounting plate 12 is configured to slide along conveying platform 1). The battery on the placement seat is configured to be oriented and transported to a position under an IV detection head for performing electrical measurement (para. [n0017], fig. 3: IV detection head 12). A skilled person would consider configuring the battery platform in D1 with a rotating mechanism as taught in D2 as a matter of an alternative design implementation to reduce the workload of the integrated robot. The subject matter of claim 1 thus lacks an inventive step over D1 and D2.

The additional features in claims 2-4 relating to detailed implementation of the translation and rotation mechanism of the apparatus are either disclosed by D2 (para. [n0014], fig. 1: linear slide 11, driving device 14, mounting portion 121, extension portion 122, bottom plate 132) or concern simple implementation alternatives to the disclosure of D2. Claims 2-4 are not inventive.

Claims 5 and 6 further relate to detailed implementation of a fixture for clamping the battery to the second stage. Whilst D2 teaches an absorption plate provided with vacuum suction for holding the battery to the second stage (para. [n0014], fig. 2), the use of a clamping fixture is a straightforward alternative design option that is conventional in the art, see for example, D3, para. [n0035], fig. 1: clamping plate 6; D4, fig. 1: clamping device 2. These claims are not inventive.

The additional feature in claim 9 is disclosed by D1 (fig. 1 illustrating test tool 12 comprising 2 probes). Claim 9 is not inventive.

The additional feature in claim 7 concerns the provision of an actuator for fine adjustment of the bracket and clamp positions relative to the second stage. The additional features in claims 10-12 concern the provision of two positive probes spaced apart at different pitch from the negative probe. Said implementations are neither suggested by the prior art documents nor appear to be common in the art. Therefore, the skilled person would not find it obvious to implement the features as defined in claims 7, 8 and 10-12. The subject matter of claims 7, 8 and 10-12 is thus acknowledged to involve an inventive step.

4. Industrial Applicability (Section 16 of the Patents Act)

The subject matter of claims 1-12 is industrially applicable.



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